II SOCIAL DEFENCE

Name of Scheme	Financial Assistance	Purpose
	(Rs. in lakhs)	
Prevention & Control of Juvenile Social Maladjustment	7.49	Upgradation/creation of infrastructure for implementation of Juvenile Justice Act.

III. WELFARE OF HANDICAPPED

Scheme of Assistance to Organisations for the disabled persons

Name of Organisation	Financial Assistance Recommended	Purpose
	(Rs. in lakhs)	
(i) Red Cross and Rotary Society, Sunabeda Koraput.	4 95	Construction of School Building for the blind.
(ii) Banbasi Seva Samiti Balliguda Phulbani.	4 95	,,
(iii) Red Cross & Rotary Society, Sunabeda Koraput.	4.95	Construction of School Building for the deaf.
(iv) Nehru Seva Sangh, Banpur	1,38,418 1,49,526	Salary of staff etc. for 1986-87 & 1987-88 respectively.
(v) National Institute of Rehabilitation, Training & Research, Olatpur Distt., Cuttack.	10.10	Transit Homes for the physically handicapped patients/disabled persons.

Proper utilisation of funds allocated for IRDP

379. SHRI K. V. THANGKABALU: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the funds allocated under the Integrated Rural Development Programme are being properly utilised;

(b) whether the Central Agency monitor this information directly or through State agencies;

(c) whether it is a fact that the persons for whom the funds have been spent still living below poverty line; and

(d) if so, whether Government propose to modify this scheme and, if so, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI): (a) The utilisation of funds under Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP) is quite satisfactory. According to Concurrent evaluation of IRDP for the period January—September, 1987, about 61 per cent of the old families assisted under the programme crossed the poverty line of Rs. 3,500 and 13 per cent crossed the revised poverty line of Rs. 6,400. Additional income generated from the assets provided

under the programme had been between Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 2,000 in about 24 per cent of cases and above Rs. 2,000 in about 27 per cent of cases. No income was generated from the assets provided under the programme in about 22 per cent of cases. In about 72 per cent of cases, assets provided under the programme were intact.

(b) The implementation of IRDP is monitored by the Central Government through telegraphic reports, monthly key indicator report, quarterly progress and annual report. The State Governments are required to submit these reports as per schedule. The DRDAs have also been advised to carry out detailed qualitative monitoring at block/DRDA levels. Further, the implementation of the programme is evaluated through research and evaluation studies conducted by the Central and State Govrenments through independent reputed research organisations and also concurrent evaluation studies.

(c) Crossing the poverty line is a gradual and continuous process. According to Concurrent evaluation for January—September, 1987 about 61 per cent of the old families had crossed the poverty line of Rs. 3,500 and about 13 per cent crossed the revised poverty line of Rs. 6,400.

(d) The implementation of the programme is continuously modified on the basis of various findings/observations. The main thrust during the Seventh Plan is to consolidate the gains obtained during the Sixth Plan and to assist new families in the Seventh Plan in such a way by providing a package of assistance to the families with higher levels of investment.

Allotment of funds under the Rural Women and Children Development Programme

380. SHRI K. V. THANGKABALU: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the amount allotted to the State Governments under the programme for development of women and children in rural areas for the year 1988-89 State-wise; and

(b) the amount of fund, allotted to the Tamil Nadu State during the last three years and what are the achievements?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI): (a) The allocations to State Governments under the Development of Women and Children in Rural Areas (DWCRA) programme are made in physical terms, namely the number of women's groups to be formed during the year. Thereafter, funds are released at the rate of Rs. 5,100 per group as Central Share and Rs. 5,000 as UNICEF share. In the case of Union Territories, the Central Share is released at the rate of Rs. 10,200 per group and UNICEF Share Rs. 5,000 per group. A statement showing the State-wise allocation of groups for 1988-89 and their entitlement of funds at the rates mentioned above is annexed. (See Statement-I).

(b) The information is given in the Statement annexed. (See Statement-II below).